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OFFICE OF PETITIONS

In re Application of	:
Shigeomi Chono et al.	:
Application No. 10/814,110	:
Filing Date: March 30, 2004	:
Attorney Docket No.: YMUCP002	:
Title: LIQUID CRYSTAL FLOW	:
FORMING MECHANISM, METHOD OF	:
FORMING SAME, AND OBJECT MOVING	:
MECHANISM USING LIQUID CRYSTAL	:
FLOW	:

This is a decision on the second renewed petition pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(3), filed September 20, 2007, to accept an unintentionally delayed claim under 35 U.S.C. § 120 for the benefit of priority to the prior-filed international application, set forth in the amendment filed with the petition.

An original petition was filed on November 13, 2006, and was dismissed via the mailing of a decision on March 14, 2007. A renewed petition was filed on April 5, 2007, and was dismissed via the mailing of a decision on September 4, 2007.

This second renewed petition is **GRANTED**.

A petition for acceptance of a claim for late priority under 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(3) is only applicable to those applications filed on or after November 29, 2000. Further, the petition is appropriate only after the expiration of the period specified in 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(2)(ii). In addition, the petition pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(3) must be accompanied by:

- (1) the reference required by 35 U.S.C. § 120 and 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(2)(i) of the prior-filed application, unless previously submitted;
- (2) the surcharge set forth in § 1.17(t); and
- (3) a statement that the entire delay between the date the claim was due under 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(2)(ii) and the date the claim was filed was unintentional. The Director may require additional information where there is a question whether the delay was unintentional.

A petition for acceptance of a claim for late priority pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(3) is only applicable to those applications filed on or after November 29, 2000. Further, the petition is appropriate only after the expiration of the period specified in 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(2)(ii). In addition, the petition pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(3) must be accompanied by:

- (1) the reference required by 35 U.S.C. § 120 and 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(2)(i) of the prior-filed application, unless previously submitted;
- (2) the surcharge set forth in § 1.17(t); and
- (3) a statement that the entire delay between the date the claim was due under 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(2)(ii) and the date the claim was filed was unintentional. The Director may require additional information where there is a question whether the delay was unintentional.

37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(3)(iii) requires a statement that the entire delay between the date the claim was due under paragraph (a)(2)(ii) of 37 C.F.R. § 1.78 and the date the claim was filed was unintentional.

Since the statement contained in this second renewed petition varies slightly from the language required by 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(3)(iii), the statement contained in this petition is being construed as the statement required by 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(3)(iii), and Petitioner must notify the Office if this is not a correct interpretation of the statement contained in this petition.

All of the above requirements having been satisfied, the late claim for priority pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 120 is accepted as being unintentionally delayed.

The granting of this petition to accept the delayed benefit claim to the prior-filed application pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(3) should not be construed as meaning that this application is entitled to the benefit of the prior-filed application. In order for this application to be entitled to the benefit of the prior-filed application, all other requirements under 35 U.S.C. § 120 and 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.78(a)(1) and (a)(2) must be met. Similarly, the fact that the corrected Filing Receipt accompanying this decision on petition includes the prior-filed application should not be construed as meaning that Applicant is entitled to the claim for benefit of priority to the prior-filed application noted thereon. Accordingly, the Examiner will, in due course, consider this benefit claim and determine whether the application is entitled to the benefit of the earlier filing date.

A corrected Filing Receipt, which includes the priority claim to the prior-filed nonprovisional application, accompanies this decision on second renewed petition.

Any inquiries concerning this decision may be directed to Senior Attorney Paul Shanoski at (571) 272-3225. All other inquiries concerning either the examination procedures or status of the application should be directed to the Technology Center.

Technology Center Art Unit 2871 will be made aware of this decision, so that the Examiner may consider Applicant's entitlement to claim benefit of priority under 35 U.S.C. § 120 to the prior-filed nonprovisional applications.



Anthony Knight
Supervisor
Office of Petitions

ATTACHMENT: Corrected Filing Receipt



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APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING or 371(c) DATE	GRP ART UNIT	FIL FEE REC'D	ATTY.DOCKET.NO	TOT CLAIMS	IND CLAIMS
10/814,110	03/30/2004	2871	851	YMUCP002	31	7

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CONFIRMATION NO. 5193
CORRECTED FILING RECEIPT



Date Mailed: 03/13/2008

Receipt is acknowledged of this non-provisional patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please write to the Office of Initial Patent Examination's Filing Receipt Corrections. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections

Applicant(s)

Shigeomi Chono, Nanoku, JAPAN;
Tomohiro Tsuji, Kami-gun, JAPAN;

Power of Attorney: The patent practitioners associated with Customer Number 022434

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This application is a CON of PCT/JP02/10129 09/27/2002

Foreign Applications

JAPAN 2001-305581 10/01/2001

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 06/19/2004

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is **US 10/814,110**

Projected Publication Date: Not Applicable

Non-Publication Request: No

Early Publication Request: No

**** SMALL ENTITY ****

Title

Liquid crystal flow forming mechanism, method of forming same, and object moving mechanism using liquid crystal flow

Preliminary Class

349

PROTECTING YOUR INVENTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process **simplifies** the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but **does not result** in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

Applicants also are advised that in the case of inventions made in the United States, the Director of the USPTO must issue a license before applicants can apply for a patent in a foreign country. The filing of a U.S. patent application serves as a request for a foreign filing license. The application's filing receipt contains further information and guidance as to the status of applicant's license for foreign filing.

Applicants may wish to consult the USPTO booklet, "General Information Concerning Patents" (specifically, the section entitled "Treaties and Foreign Patents") for more information on timeframes and deadlines for filing foreign patent applications. The guide is available either by contacting the USPTO Contact Center at 800-786-9199, or it can be viewed on the USPTO website at <http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/doc/general/index.html>.

For information on preventing theft of your intellectual property (patents, trademarks and copyrights), you may wish to consult the U.S. Government website, <http://www.stopfakes.gov>. Part of a Department of Commerce initiative, this website includes self-help "toolkits" giving innovators guidance on how to protect intellectual property in specific countries such as China, Korea and Mexico. For questions regarding patent enforcement issues, applicants may call the U.S. Government hotline at 1-866-999-HALT (1-866-999-4158).

LICENSE FOR FOREIGN FILING UNDER

Title 35, United States Code, Section 184

Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 5.11 & 5.15

GRANTED

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NOT GRANTED

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